FCC Update





Spectrum Repacking

Here We Go Again:

The FCC is reallocating 600 MHz



Frequencies for Wireless Mics

30 - 45 MHz (8-m HF)

Antenna length;
RF-interference from (electric)

appliances

174 - 250 MHz (VHF)

Good wave propagation; TV-transmitters; RF-distortions from digital equipment

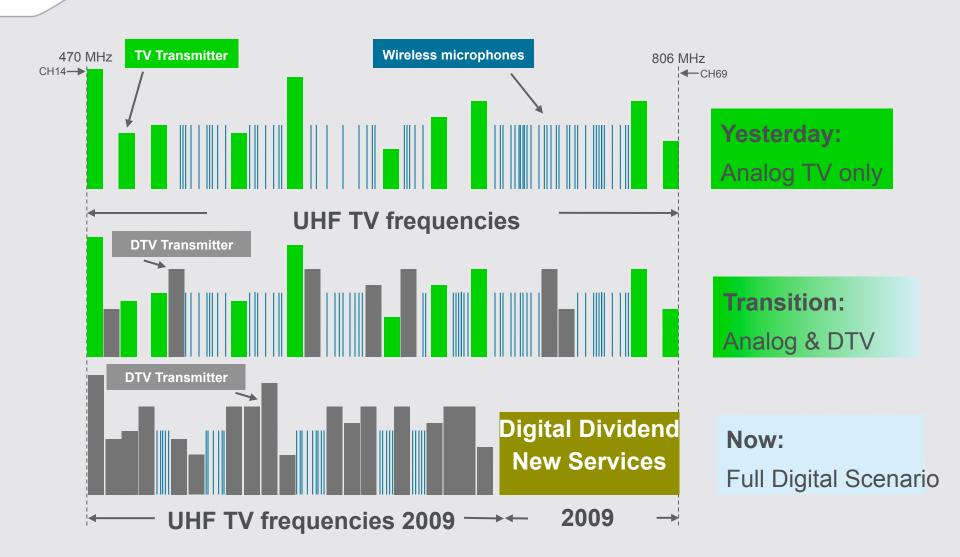
450 - 960 MHz (UHF)

wide frequency range good wave propagation

2400 - 2485 MHz (ISM) IndustrialScientificMedical

poor wave propagation; no exclusive frequencies (license free devices); interference from microwave-ovens





White Space Devices (WSD) aka TV Band Devices (TVBD)



"White Space" channels 2 - 51 are open to unlicensed devices:

- Rural broadband internet
- Metropolitan broadband internet
- Multimedia services
- Home networking systems
- Consumer electronics: tablets, computers, media servers and cell phones w/ advanced features
- Future products

Safeguards For Wireless Mics



FCC rules governing WSD include safeguards to avoid interference to wireless microphones:

- Reserved channels: 2 channels in each market are reserved for wireless mics
- WSD must use Geolocation/Database system or Spectrum Sensing (further in the future) to find channels that are not reserved for TV or by wireless mic operators

FCC Established Unlicensed Class



Licensed

- Priority over unlicensed operation
- Can operate up to 250mW in UHF band.
- Direct access to reserve channels on the database system
- Broadcasters, cable TV operators, film and content providers are eligible to obtain a license.

Unlicensed

- Limited to 50mW in both VHF and UHF
- No recourse if interference is experienced.
- Must make a request to the FCC to reserve additional channels in the database

Database System



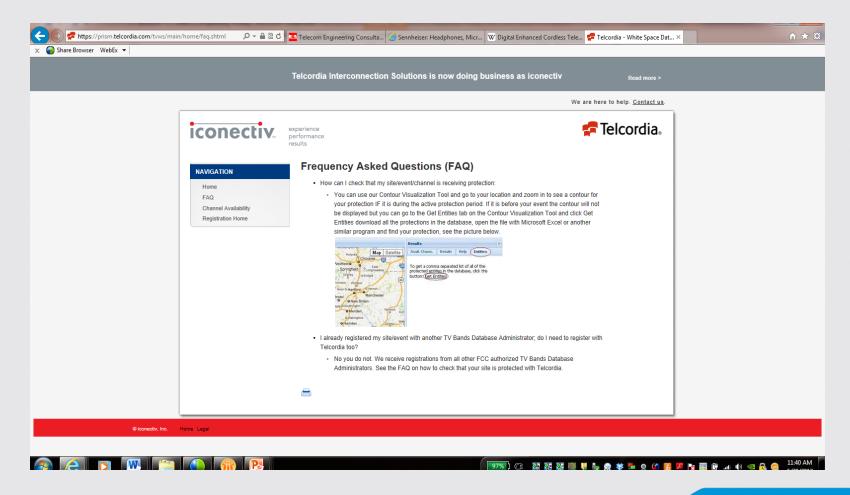
Licensed mic operators have direct access to reserve additional channels



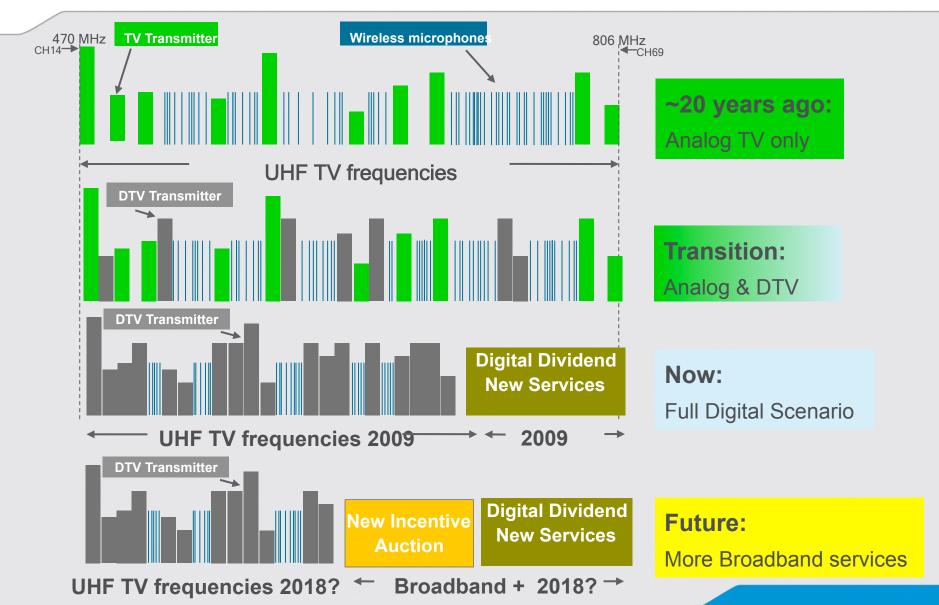
Database System



Licensed mic operators have direct access to reserve additional channels









Two Pending FCC Actions



The primary issues are

1) Incentive Auctions

Basically a reallocation of the 600 MHz band, similar to the 700 MHz reallocation that occurred a couple of years ago.

2) Expanding eligibility for licensed operation

This is potentially good for non-broadcast professional users such as Broadway and major touring productions.

The Current Schedule and Incentives



FCC presented the auctions as a unique business opportunity for broadcasters because the broadcasters will share in the proceeds of the auction.

- Options for Broadcasters for reverse auction. Each option will have its own monetary incentive depending on market, spectrum, etc.:
 - 1. Give up your channel by participating in the reverse auction
 - Move to VHF
 - 5. Share channel
 - 6. Accept additional interference
 - 7. TBD (Public suggestions are being considered)

The Current Schedule and Incentives



Order and Report will be finalized in 2013.

Bidding and repacking auction scheduled for June 2014, afterwards payments and licensing will take place.

How long before operators may have to vacant the 600 MHz band? Probably at least: 5 years

What Is Sennheiser Doing?



Communicating

&

Innovating

Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington DC 20554

In the Matter of)	
)	
Expanding the Economic and Innovation)	Docket No. 12-268
Opportunities of Spectrum Through)	
Incentive Auctions)	

COMMENTS OF SENNHEISER ELECTRONIC CORPORATION

Sennheiser Electronic Corporation responds to the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking released on October 2, 2012, in the above-captioned proceeding.¹ Sennheiser is also filing

